

The Bulletin

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No. 18

What part a great railway system plays in the development of a new country was recounted at Stockton on mercial life of California has left in September 13th to delegates at the its wake a train of heartaches in places International Irrigation Congress by where questions of national legisla-Vice-President E. O. McCormick. In tion received far too little attention in order to bring people into the Far the past, and who now, alas, find it is West, Mr. McCormick said, it was too late to repair the evil which has necessary to tell them what was there been done to all of them by this one and this, in turn, involved a wide and act-the La Follette Seamen's Bill," comprehensive knowledge of the coun- says the California Industries Magatry to be developed. From this need zine for August. there grew a great bureau, maintained by the railroad, for the collection and dissemination of information. This work was done, he said, through pamphlets, newspapers, magazine articles, stereopticon lectures, and, more recently, by motion lectures, at a cost ticipating in the past in the annual in the forty-six years of Southern Pa- \$5,000,000 spending account of the Pacific operations of a tremendous sum. cific Mail Steamship Company in Cali-Continuing, Mr. McCormick said, in fornia alone. When a manufacturer part:

COLONIST EXCURSIONS

"Then, too, there are special colonist excursions. These are planned by practically all the Western railroads in the fall and spring, and special rates pose. It will teach the people to take are given with stopover privileges, for more seriously a corporation's side of investigation of definite localities. Op- a public question. This incident has portunities are afforded by the rail- shaken business out of its apathy; road's colonization bureau for thorough people are sitting up and taking noand adequate investigation of all proj-ects which seem to possess worthy, at-thing as killing the goose that laid tractive and reliable features. These the golden eggs. Remember that big special colonist rates have also prac- business is not bad merely because it tically been in effect during the sum- is big. Also that a statement is not mer tourist season, and for conven- to be discredited merely because it tions and special occasions. Many defends a corporation." hundreds of thousands of people have been brought to the West under these favorable rate conditions.

"It should be borne particularly in mind that the Southern Pacific Company has always clearly differentiated between moving individuals and families from one part of the West to another, and true colonization, which brings in people from the far-away East or from the countries of Europe. While it is by no means averse to taking advantage of a free people's de-sire to travel, it has worked specifiof the same elements from the countries of Europe. To attempt to enumber traveler can see from the car window Brake Foreman, J. H. Crawford, fifth

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Heartaches.

"The passing of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company from the com-

"Scores of jobbers,

"Scores of supply houses, "Scores of manufacturers, "Scores of business houses,

"Thousands of employes,

"All of the above have been parloses his cracker account of some \$30,000 a year, or paint business of an equal value, he is feeling the direct effects of this bit of spectacular La Follette legislation.

"The whole thing will serve one pur-

Loop Trip Through the Valley of the Willamette.

A neat little booklet, pocket size, issued by the passenger department of the Southern Pacific Company, describes scenes along the electric loop lines through the Willamette Valley in Oregon. It is called the "Loop Trip Through the Willamette Valley."

The route described is through the cally, continuously and persistently to heart of Oregon's largest and richest secure a desirable class of colonists valley. The trip can easily be made from the Middle West, the North and in less than a day, and affords tourists the South of our own country and also an easy way to see one of the pretti-

been put forth in this specific field of and giving interesting facts about the on the list, with 210 points, was aclabor would occupy far more time communities through which he passes, credited to the Sacramento Shops. Mr. than is at my disposal. Suffice it to the booklet also contains a map of Crawford is an employe of the Los say that colonization agents have been the territory, a time table and a sched-Angeles General Shops and active in ule of rates.

Company's Part in Development of Pacific Mail's Passing Leaves Train of Fifty-one Faithful Employes Join the Veteran Corps.

Fifty-one faithful employes of the Company joined the Southern Pacific honor roll on September 16th, when the Board of Pensions met and approved their applications for pensions. They may now retire from active service and enjoy the benefits gained by their years of faithful service. The pension system was established by the Company in 1903. Since that time the total enrollment of the veterans' corps has reached 622. The total expenditure for pensions to June 30, 1915, was \$1,764,295. The total benefits paid for the last fiscal year, ending June 30, 1915, was \$282,121.

Following are the new names on the

honor roll:

Following are the new names on the honor roll:

James L. Barnes, Machinist, M. P., Oakland; William P. Best, Car Builder, M. P., Sacramento; Martin Callahan, Crossing Watchman, M. W., Oakland; George L. Colegrove, Conductor, Trans., Oakland; Walter Cotton, Boilermaker, M. P., San Francisco; Thomas Evans, Motorman, M. W., Sacramento; Robert M. Gillespie, Foreman Water Service, M. W., Bakersfield; Isaiah Jordan, Locomotive Engineer, M. P., Oakland; Ernest Kabisius, Coppersmith, F. & R., Oakland; Angus R. McDonald, Carpenter, Store, West Oakland; Donald McKechnie, Captain, F. & R., Oakland; Andrew D. Neff, Locomotive Engineer, M. P., Oakland; Charles F. Phillips, Conductor, Trans., Los Angeles; John Quinn, 2d Officer, Atl. S. S. Lines, Algiers, La.; Frederick M. Sterling, Foreman Water Service, M. W., Los Angeles; Carl F. N. Alsted, Pumper, M. W., Cottage Grove, Ore.; Peter Anderson, Pumper, M. W., Cottage Grove, Ore.; Peter Anderson, Pumper, M. W., Cottage Grove, Ore.; Peter Anderson, Pumper, M. W., Oakland; John A. Gavton, Conductor, Trans., San Francisco; Nelson W. Haas, Passenger Car Builder, M. P., Los Angeles; Timothy Haggerty, Fireman, F. & R., Benicia: Andrew Johnson, Watchman, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Joseph Levy, Boilermaker, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Joseph Levy, Boilermaker, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Joseph Levy, Boilermaker, M. P., Sacramento Shops; William Morrow, Laborer, M. W., Alameda: Frank Mulligan, Helper, M. P., Sacramento Shops; William Morrow, Laborer, M. W., Alameda: Frank Mulligan, Helper, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Joseph Rowell, Section Foreman, M. W., Ogden; James H. Stebbins, Car Builder, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Timothy Sullivan, Laborer, M. W., San Francisco; Robert M. Toy, Locomotive Engineer, M. P., Ogden; Joseph H. Warner, Locomotive Engineer, M. P., Ogden; Joseph H. Warner, Locomotive Engineer, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Frank R. Dunn, Traveling Agent Genl. Frgt., Portland, Ore.; John H. Elwood, Engineer, M. P., Sacramento Shops; Timothy W. Kirby, Clerk, Frgt., Sacramento Shops; Timoth

In the list of Company men excelthe shops' safety work.

The Southern Pacific's Part in Development of the West

(Continued from Page 1)

thoroughly equipped with everything leys of the West and one of the garnecessary to demonstrate the home den spots of the world. advantages, agricultural, horticultural by these means, many of them being who, by their intelligent development of the land upon which they have settled have materially aided in the commercial progress of the West.

RAILROAD AND DEVELOPMENT

"It cannot be too strongly recognized and emphasized that railroads invariably precede development. In spite of the tremendous influx of people who were attracted to California and the other Western States by the discovery of gold, the population was practically a negligible quantity until the Ogden Route of the Southern Pacific Company was opened in 1869. For a few moments let us look back upon one or two of the noted valleys of California at that time. The Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys were scarcely touched by any active work of development. The cities of Sacramento and Stockton were established, but had it not been for the mines they would not have had enough business to support a 'corporal's guard.' Both valleys were, in the main, nothing but vast pastures. As soon as the railroad began to bring in settlers, thousands of acres were plowed and made into immense grainfields.

"As more settlers came, broader plans for development were introduced. In the late seventies the San Joaquin Valley from Stockton clear down to the Tehachapi Mountains could scarcely have shown a thousand acres under any other cultivation than grain. Few people who see this wonderful valley today can realize its condition fortyfive years ago. While in spring and early summer it was covered with a gorgeous mat of wild flowers, "filaree" and other native forage, a little later on in the season it became to those compelled to travel over it a vast gray sandy plain of horror and distress. Most men regarded it as a God-forsaken land, utterly worthless and without any possibilities for the future beyond the growing of grain. But the builders of the Southern Pacific Railroad saw with larger and clearer vision.

Valley also dates practically from the raised to the dignity of a self-governopening of the Shasta Route in 1887. ing county, under the name of Im- been presented to mankind. It ex-Certain circumstances, chiefly individ-ual ownership of large tracts of land. "A similar story, though in a more all who are desirous of taking advanwhich the owners could not be induced quiet vein, might be told of the Coa- tage of its opportunities, and in whatagainst rapid development, but now same Colorado Desert. Twenty-five West during the next decades, the that this and other difficulties are being overcome, the Sacramento Valley sible to give the land away to any-sert that in this work the railroads

"Note the development that has fol-West, and individuals, families and Route of the Southern Pacific. Try colonies have been intelligently and to realize the condition of the country systematically searched out. Thou- through which it was built. It was sands have been brought to the West opened in 1881. Except for a few sugar plantations in Louisiana, and of the sturdy, reliable, upright yeo- the cattle and mining industries of manry of the East and of Europe, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, where could the builders of that railroad reasonably expect to find business? Naturally they anticipated considerable through traffic, both of passengers and freight, but the local business would not have paid the running expenses of the wayside stations.

ON THE SUNSET ROUTE

"Look now, however. It would require thousands of pages to merely enumerate in brief the wonderful developments that have taken place on and near the lines of the railways in Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona. Take, for instance, the latter State. Recall what Arizona was before their advent. Its deserts were freely characterized as "the land that God forgot," and its hundreds of thousands of acres seemed to be a barren, desolate waste.

"Need I expatiate upon the wonderful development of the San Simon, Salt River and Santa Cruz valleys, as practical demonstration of what has been accomplished, while the valley of the Colorado River, both in Arizona and California, has developed some of the most wonderfully fertile spots of the world?

"In our own State we have a marvelous illustration in the development of the Colorado desert. When Dr. Wozencraft, one of the earliest settlers of San Bernardino, appeared before a committee of Congress and advocated government aid for the reclamation of this great desert, his suggestions were treated with ill-disguised scorn and as those of an impractical dreamer and visionary; yet before he died he succeeded in imbuing others with his faith and spirit, so that the agitation was continued.

COACHELLA VALLEY

"The development of this region is justly recognized as one of the wonders and marvels of the agricultural time the first shovelful of earth was removed from the construction of the Colorado River headgate, this so-"The development of the Sacramento called barren and desolate region was

to subdivide or sell, have militated chella Valley, another portion of this ever development may come to the

be one of the richest agricultural val- upon it. It was too far away to be leys of the West and one of the gar- reached by water from the Colorado River. The engineers of the Southern Pacific Company, however, were conand commercial possibilities of the lowed the completion of the Sunset vinced that artesian water might be found at reasonable depth. Accordingly, in 1890 they sank a well which proved to be so successful that scores of settlers rushed into the country, took up lands, either under the homestead or desert lands acts, and began its development. The company also called the attention of the plant experts of the government to the fact that the native palm grew here which for centuries had been supplying dates for food to the Indians. It was suggested that the government put in an experimental station for the purpose of testing the possibilities of the soil and climate for the development of the date palm of commerce. Land was donated by the railroad company in two localities for that purpose, and today the agricultural department of the government reports that there can be no question as to the practicability and feasibility of raising the best quality of commercial dates in the Coachella Valley.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE

"I might continue by the hour, merely suggesting in briefest outline what the railroads have done and attempted to do in the furthering of the develoment and civilization of the great West.

"The present policy of the railroad companies is to continue this work of education and colonization in every way possible. They seek closer contact with the people and desire to understand and meet their needs. The policy of courteous treatment of complaints, of promptly remedying real grievances, of fair dealing with all shippers, big and little, of helpful aid willingly rendered, of liberal efforts to advertise and build up the state, of doing our best to provide manufacturers and farmers with new markets-in short, of railroading alone, and railroading for all it is worth, and for the benefit of all, will do much to bind the railroads and the people together in mutually helpful bonds of amity and sympathy, and in my opinion it is the greatest thing we are

"The real development of the West world, and in seven years from the has scarcely begun, and the possibilities for the future are altogether underestimated and unknown. Under the peaceful government of the United States the West affords opportunities and advantages that have never before promises, within a very short time, to one if he had been required to live serving have not been found warting."

Prize Winners in Car-Loading Contest

To obtain a marked improvement in car-loading, the Southern Pacific Company has held a number of general competitions covering the Pacific System. Under the terms of these contests, money prizes have been offered for excellence in loading certain

commodities. For the best loading of months of 1915. It is to be hoped each there have been offered two that agents and others will continue prizes, one of \$50 and the other of \$25. The Bulletin prints herewith the list earnest attention. Loading a car to of the five highest ranking stations in its maximum capacity means getting the loading of premium commodities the full measure of service from the announced in connection with the con- car. It is a means of economy, and test in effect during the first six an important one.

to give the subject of car-loading their

COMMODITY	RANK	STATION	NAME	COMMODITY	RANK	STATION	NAME
Asphaltum & Bituminous Rock	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Oleum No award account system average of loading for year 1913 not being attained.	Elmer E. Carrol.	Mill Stuff	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	San Pedro. Berkeley Port Costa Hickman Oakdale	H. M. Read. J. B. Taylor. G. H. Ward. F. J. Fackrell. W. B. Reynolds.
Barley	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Patterson	W. S. Reiff. Fred W. Weihe. J. C. Clay. G. H. Agnew. J. E. Bick.	Ore, Lead and Bullion	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Keswick. Valley Springs. Kennet Patagonia Lordsburg, N. M.	C. R. Croney. M. P. Jarvis. J. F. Corby. F. A. Stone. J. H. McClure.
Beans and Peas	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Guadalupe	A. L. Andrews. A. R. Miles. T. F. Delaney. W. J. Hardy. W. J. Hardy.	Perishable Fruits and Veg- etables	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Watsonville	A. H. Davis. A. S. Rosenbaum P. H. Smith. C. W. Lehman. J. D. Fish.
Brick	1st 2nd 3rd	Port Costa Decoto Livermore	Geo. H. Ward. L. C. Page. W. J. Casselman.	Potatoes	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Sherwood. Mt. Angel. Clackamas. Salem. Cornelius.	Edward Allen, R. J. Welton, A. Mather, R. B. Houston, H. F. Beamon.
Canned Goods	1st 2nd 3rd	Campbell. Lankershim.	J. W. Lewis. E. T. McNeill. Chas. Berry. W. L. Wurm. W. Merrimen.	Rock, Sand and Gravel	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Fair Oaks Niles Davenport Alameda Lincoln	Wm. Johnson. C. G. Sheffield. A. J. Rutherford. E. D. Melcher. E. P. Butterfield. A. T. Johnson.
Califed Goods	4th 5th	Gilroy	H. H. Bunds. C. C. Lary.	Sugar	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Spreckels	M. D. Lehrfeld. W. J. Hardy. G. H. Ward. M. L. Ryder. L. M. Kolman.
Cement, Lime and Plaster	2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Tolenas. Napa Junction Moundhouse Colton	W. G. Rogers. G. S. Coley. T. Gracey. E. T. McNeill.	Wheat	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Germantown	J. E. Bick. H. F. Beamon. G. H. Ward. P. S. Johnson.
Dried Fruit	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Red Bluff Roseburg Oakland Sacramento Salem	I. J. Miller. L. B. Moore. B. D. Myers. C. J. Ellis. R. B. Houston.	Wine, Liquors and Beers	5th 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Zamora Madera Portland Guasti Drumm Street	C. N. Cutler. C. H. Kahuda. R. A. Martin. Wm. Merriman. C. L. Sweeton. W. J. Hardy.
Нау	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Roseville	G. S. Cryder, N. L. Curtis. W. J. Casselman. R. F. Aguilar. M. D. Harrington.	Merchandise, Small Stations	1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Richmond	H. A. Stiver. C. A. Stone. E. L. Witty. G. E. Nelson. M. Purcell. H. J. Wasserman
umber	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Coburg Oakland, Calif East Portland Weed San Pedro	B. D. Locke. Wm. Merriman. B. D. Myers. J. N. Sutton. W. A. Brown. H. M. Read.	Merchandise, Large Stations	1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	Ashland Drumm St., San Fran. Fresno Los Angeles Oakland Portland	G. M. Kramer. W. I. Hardy. I. W. Emmons. M. L. Ryder. B. D. Myers. W. Merriman.

NOTE .- No award made in either Beets or Perishable Other account of system standard of loading for the year 1914 not having been attained by any station.

Two Highest Awards for Company at San Francisco Exposition

of two "highest awards" to the South-ern Pacific Company for its participa-the Transportation Building, and in-the Transportation Building, and intion in the Fair. One is the highest clude, among other things, the old along the Southern Pacific, ticket award for "railway track, equipment, motive power and Safety First applimotive power and Safety First appliances" and the other is for traffic in the United States, is one of the the Company's guests, everything bepromotion. They come in the nature Company's big Mallet engines used on ing free, and it is the Company's hope of two banners, specifying why they the Tehachapi.

The Panama-Pacific Exposition Com- | The railway track, equipment, mo- | building at the head of Palm Avenue pany has announced the presentation tive power and Safety First appliances near the Fillmore Street entrance. this, one of the oldest locomotives and organ recitals daily. Visitors are

were given and bearing the official The traffic promotion exhibit is will avail themselves of the Southern Panama-Pacific ribbon. The traffic promotion exhibit is Pacific's hospitality.